Answers for activities- ACTIVITY TO BE MARKED BY PARENT/GUARDIAN AFTER CHILD HAS COMPLETED ACTIVITY

Worksheet 1

Fill in the Prefixes and Suffixes #1

	Bai	nk of Prefix	es	Bank	of Suffixes	5	
: : : :	dis- il-	im- pre-	re- un-	-able -al	-ful -ion	-ly -y	

Use the bank of prefixes and suffixes to complete each word. There may be more than one answer for some words.

Prefix - Root Word - Suffix	Prefix - Root Word - Suffix
discoverable / recover/uncover/ rediscover/	predictable/prediction
unlikeable/likeable/likely/dislike/unlike	Improper/properly
disagree/agreeable/agreeably	unsuccess/successful/successional
logically/logical	discomfort/ comfortable
disorder/orderly/orderable	unequal/equally
unexpectedly/expectedly	reconstruct/construction/
react/action/	unreason/reasonable
unlucky/lucky	dishonour/honourable
distrust	unusual/usually
disconnect/reconnect/connection/connectable	renew/newly

ACTIVITY 2

Match the root words with the appropriate suffix to make a new word

ROOT	WORDS			SUFFIX	ES		
stand	quick	write	play	ed	ly		· ,, <u>,</u> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
cook	read	kick	like	ful	er	S	
do	eat	swim		en	ing		

Root word	suffix	New word
stand	ing	standing
quick	ly	quickly
write	ing / s	writing/ writes
play	ed / ful/ ing /	played/playful/playing/plays
	S	
cook	ed / ing / s	cook/cooking/cooks
read	ing / s	reading/ reads
kick	ed/ ing / s	kicked/kicking/kicks
like	ed/ly/s/	liked/likely/likes/liking
	ing	
do	ing	doing
eat	ing / s	eating/ eats
swim	ing / s	swimming/swims/
		swimmer

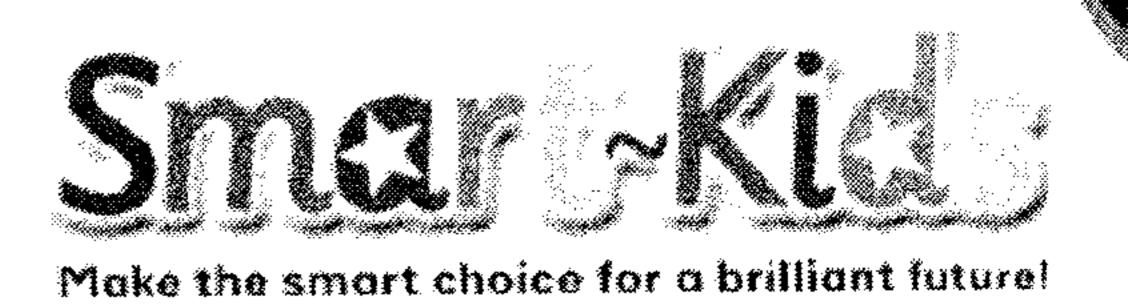
Name and Surname <u>Memorgadum</u> Grade 6

Subject and predicate worksheet 2

<u>Underline the subject in each sentence and circle the predicate</u>)

- 1. The horse tastes the hay and oats without hesitation.)
- 2. Birds fly often in the blue sky.
- 3. Birds like to land in green trees.
- 4. Bird watchers must always wait with patience.
- 5. The company pays for its workers medical insurance,
- 6. The bank will keep a record of your work.
- 7. Stephen worked on the computer for too many hours.
- 8. The racetrack looks very wet because it has been in the rain for many hours

Memo



Grade 6 Prefixes and suffixes

		 	···············						
un	im	dis	re	con	ness	able	ing	y	ly

See how many new words you can make from the roots below by adding prefixes and suffixes from the box.

prove improve, proveable, proving
form forming
firm firmly, refirm, Confirm, firmness, firming
plant implant, replant, plantable, planting
serve <u>reserve</u> , <u>Conserve</u> , <u>servable</u> , <u>serving</u>
pose impose, repose, Conpose, poseable, posing
ply imply, reply
own disour, ownable, owining
part impart, parting, party
member dismember, remember

WORKSHEET 4

1. It an onion.		11. Izmir	a city.
2. Jasmine a studen	t.	12. He	a postman.
3. Wefriends.		13. It	nine o'clock.
4. I hungry.		14. Manhattan	an island.
5. Mark 20 years of	old.	15. Mr. Richar	ds a lawyer.
6. A bee a big inse	ect.	16. lill.	I happy.
7. Newsweek a ma	gazine.	17. London	a big city.
8. I a professiona	al football pla	ayer	
9. I know you. You	in my class.	19. New York	near to New Jersey.
10.Cowsinsects.	They	mammals.	
20. Susan and I	teachers. V	Vestud	dents.
B) Fill in the blanks usi	ng "HE, S	HE, IT, WE,	THEY":
cat and horse – <u>They</u>	Mary	– <u>She</u>	Tom – <u>He</u>
Jack and I	books		sister
You and Dave-	plane		sunshine
Cheese	cactus	S	parents
Petronela	news		scissors
Geese	flower	`S	piano
school	daugh	ter	milk
children	sugar	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	feet
bicycle	Ann ar	nd Kate	tennis
son	mice _		sky
shop	buses		papers
Mr. Green	brother	-in-law	picture
friendship	dolphir)	The Sondo family

A) Fill in the blanks using "AM, IS, ARE, AM NOT, ISN'T, AREN'T":

C) Fill in the blanks using "AM, IS, ARE, AM NOT, ISN'T, AREN'T":
1. Germany, England, and Spain cities.
2. A lemon sweet. It sour.
3. Copper cheap. Diamonds expensive.
4. Airplanesslow. They fast.
5. Ice cream and candy sweet.
6. Today cloudy, it issunny.
7. My brother married. He single.
8. I from Johannesburg, I am from Canada.
9. Maths hard, it easy.
10. Mariaha beautiful girl, she is ugly.
1. Limpopo aren't a countryLimpopo isn't a country
1. Limpopo aren't a countryLimpopo isn't a country
2. South Africa aren't a city.
3. An elephant am not a small animal.
4. English and Turkish isn't sister languages.
5. Mercedes aren't a bike.
6. Is I a student ?
7. Mrs. Kamaal aren't a poor woman
8. Drugs isn't good for people.
9. The North Pole am not hot.
10. Simon are from the Eastern Cape.

	E) Choose	the best ans	wer:	
	1. Mali and	Camden	good	friends.
	a) am	b) are	c) is d) isn	
	2. Sipho	a scienc	e teacher.	
	a) are not	b) is	c) are	d) am
	3. Mark Ste	vens	a student a	at Kings High School. It an old school.
	a) am / is	b) are / is	c) is / am	d) is / is
	4. Maxine	from S	Spain. I	from South Africa.
	a) is / am	b) are / is	c) am / is	d) is / are
	5. You and	ĺ	. at the same	e age.
	a) am	b)isn't		d) is
F		he sentences	-	ons: I an engineer?
	1. You are il	<u> </u>		
	2. Linda is a	pretty girl.	<u></u>	
	3. Busisiwe	is a singer.		
	4. Nick is an	actor.		
	5. We are go	ood friends.		
	6. He is an o	officer.		
		ingry.	·	

7. I (visit) my grand	dparents every Friday. My s	ister
(often / visit) the	m.	
8. She(write) a letter to	her pen-friend at the mome	nt.
9. She can't talk to you. She	(have) a showe	er.
10. The children (play) the pi	iano and	(sing)
a song at the moment.		
\mathbb{G}^*) Ask questions for the underlined words:		
1 How Often does George have a	bath?	
George <u>often</u> has a bath.		
2	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
Mike eats <u>corn-flakes</u> for breakfast every morning.		
3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
The teacher is <u>writing some examples on the boar</u>	<u>rd</u> .	
4	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
<u>Tom</u> is watching a film now.		
5	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	••••••
My parents <u>never</u> smoke cigarettes.		
6	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
Peter and Rob go to school by service bus.		
7	······································	• • • • • • • • •
Sam is doing his homework <u>in his room</u> .		
8		•••••••
I read <i>two</i> books every month.		

Worksheet 5 - Simple present continuous tense

A) Read the paragraph and answer the questions:

Brian is a doctor. He looks after sick people. He usually gets up at 6.00 o'clock. Today he is

late, it is 6.30 and he is still in bed. He usually goes to work by train but today he is driving to

work. He arrives at work at 6.30 every morning but it is 7.30 now and he is still driving.

It's 12.00 o'clock now. He always has his lunch at 12.00 but today he isn't having lunch at 12.00, he is looking after his sick patients. It is half past seven now, Brian is watching TV. He usually watches TV at half past seven because his favorite programme starts at half past seven. Brian has his dinner at 8.30 everyday and he is having dinner now. It is 24.00 now Brian is going to bed. He always goes to bed at 24.00.

Questions

1.	What does Brian do?
2.	What time does he usually get up?
3.	How does he usually go to work?
4.	Why is he driving to work today?
5.	What time does he arrive at work every day?
6.	When does he always have his lunch?

7. What is he doing at 12.00 tod	lay?
8. Why does he usually watch T	V at 7.30?
9. What time does he go to bed?	
10. What time is he going to bed	now?
B) Fill in the blanks with PRES	ENT CONTINUOUS or SIMPLE PRESENT:
1. The children (Ire playing	(play) outside now.
2. She usually	(read) the newspaper in the morning.
3. I	(do) my homework now.
4. I	(eat) my dinner now.
5.	(you / want) a pizza?
6. They	(watch) TV now.
7.1	(not / like) spaghetti.
8. The baby	(sleep) now.
9. My mother usually	(cook) dinner in the evening.
10. He	(write) a letter to his pen-friend every month.
11. She	(not / like) football.
12. Mary	(listen) to music now.
13. Tom usually	(drink) coffee, but he(drink)
tea now.	
14. We	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(go) to the disco tonight.

C) Complete the sentences with SIMPLE PRESENT or PRESENT CONTINUOUS:

1. Shoneez usually (go) to school by bus, but now she
(go) to school by train.
2. Michelle often (read) in bed, but today she is very tired and she
(not / read).
3. The boys usually (ride) their bikes to school. They
(like / ride) their bikes. They(be) very naughty
boys. They always (go) to school late. Today their teacher
(be) very angry, because they(be) late again.
4. Michelle (like / eat) sweets. Every morning she
(have) coffee with a lot of sweets and chocolate. For lunch she and her friends
often (eat) sweets or ice-cream. She (not /
like / eat) fruit or vegetables. She (eat / never) eggs or
cheese. Today she (be) sick. She (sleep)
in her room now.

D) Use a preposition (ON, IN, AT, BY) in each blank:

a. Jason goes to work bus.

b. My birthday is March.

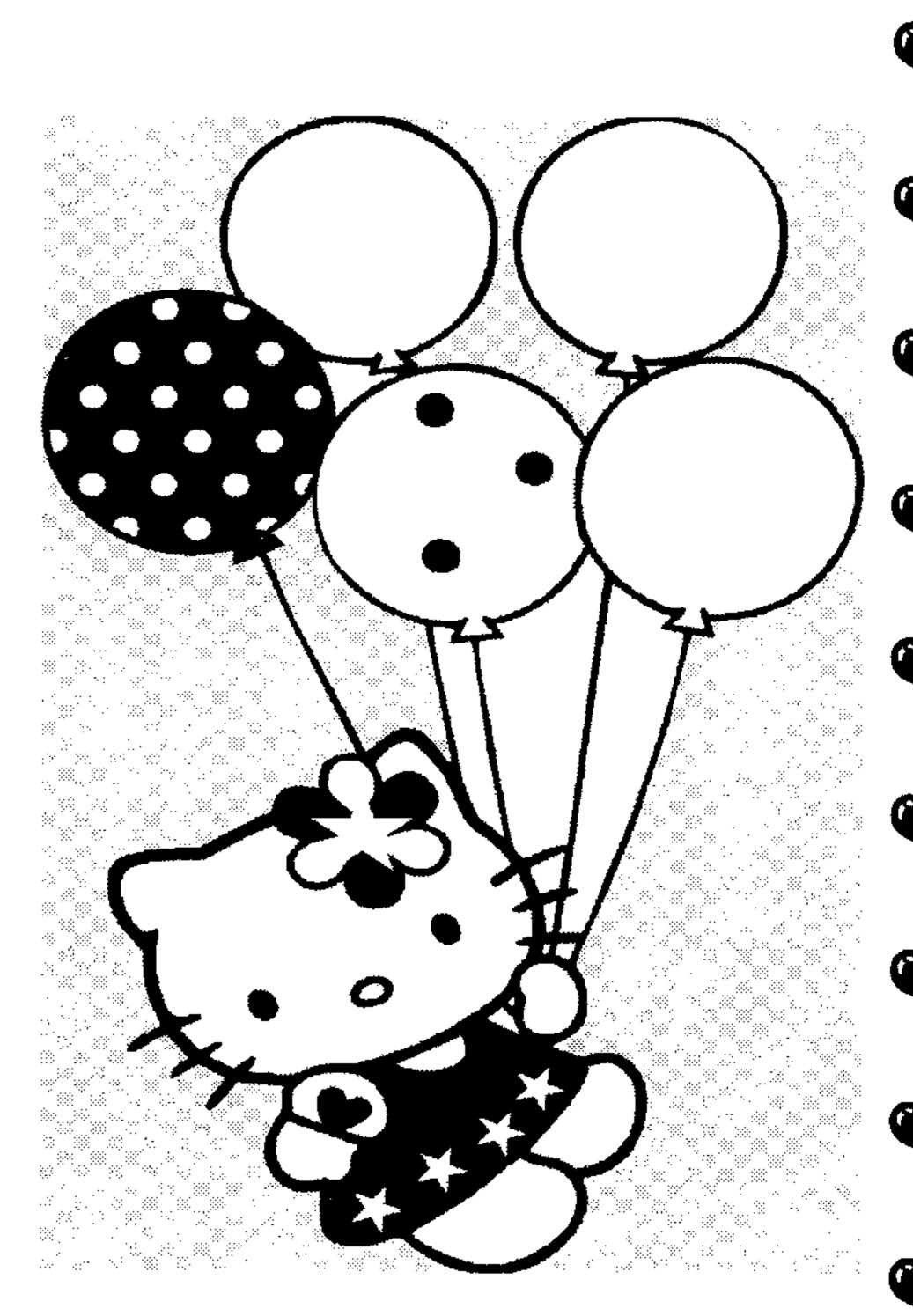
c. We are going to meet 4:00 p.m.

d. Students must go to school weekdays.

e. Do you do play tennis the weekend?

f. His birthday is November 5

g. We have art lessons Mondays.



E) Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

Right now I am looking at a picture of Barbara. She is not at home in the picture. She is at the park. She is sitting on a bench. She is eating her lunch. Some boys and girls are running on a patch in the park. A squirrel is sitting on the ground in front of Barbara. The squirrel is eating a nut. Barbara is watching the squirrel. She always watches squirrels when she eats her lunch in the park. Some ducks are swimming in the pond in the picture, and some birds are flying in the sky. A policeman is riding a horse. He rides a horse in the park every day. Near Barbara, a family is having a picnic. They go on a picnic every week.

- a. Where is Barbara in the picture?
- b. What is she doing?
- c. What is the squirrel doing in the picture?
- d. What does Barbara always do when she has lunch in the park?
- e. What are the ducks doing?
- f. How often does the policeman ride his horse?
- g. How often does the family have a picnic at the park?



F) Write a verb in each blank. Use the correct forms of the VERBS:

1. Can you	_ a motorbike?
2. Tim can	the guitar?
3. Sam is	milk at the moment?
4. "Who is that lady?"	
4.1. "I don't"	
5. Emille can	Spanish and German, but her sister can't.
6. I'm	my homework now.
7. "	your name, please."
7.1 "G-A-R-R-Y"	
8. Excuse me. Can I	you a question?
9. Please go to the supermarket	and some cheese.
10. He is	. water now because he is thirsty.
11. Every weekend they	their thirsty.
12. Listen! Jordan is	a song.
13. Can you	me, please? I can't carry these bags.
14. My dog and cat are	now. My dog doesn't like cats.
15. There is a party in Ann's hou	use. They are playing music and
G) Use the CORRECT TENSE:	•
1. Look! Jane 19. Singing	(sing) again. She oftenSi∩9.5 (sing)
this song.	
2. My father	(have) a lot of work to do every weekend.
3. The girls	(not / talk) now. All of them
(watch) a	a film.
5 you	(like) watching
6. Heo'clock, but this morning he home late.	(usually / go) at 9:00 (leave)